



GENERAL LAB SAFETY

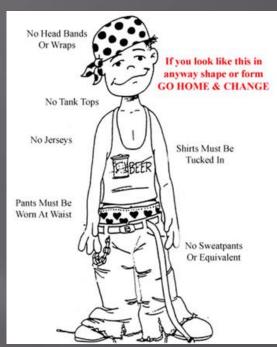
School, Lab, and Classroom

General Safety Overview

- Professional Conduct
- Prepared for Class Responsibilities
- Habits to Learn
- Eye Protection and Use of Shop Pressurized Air
- Injuries and Bloodborne Pathogens
- Computer Use
- Plagiarism
- What is Bullying?
- Emergency Procedures
- Health and Safety Support

Professional Conduct

- Theft, contraband and weapons
- Vandalism and defacing
- Act professionally
- Respect the lab, equipment, tools and others
- Cell phones are a major distraction
- Backpacks and Coats in lockers
- No Food, gum, or drinks, just water
- Lab excusal, 1 at a time, permission, sign-out
- Hygiene wash hands germs





Prepared for Class Responsibilities

- Are you rested and alert (sleep)?
- Are you mentally and physically ready?
- Ensure understanding and process
- Keep the lab clean and organized
- Report missing, broken or damaged tools and equipment
- Report all injuries to the instructor immediately
- Distractions not tolerated





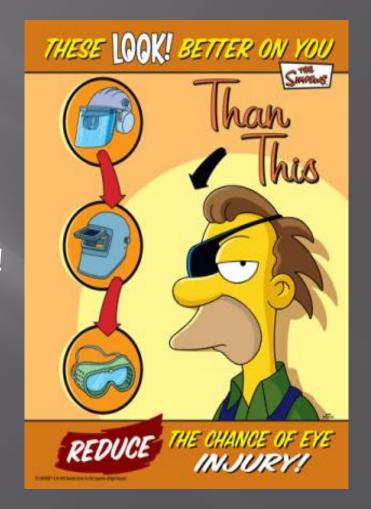
Habits to Learn

- Learn to use tools and equipment properly and take pride in your ability to use a tool safely and effectively.
- Be careful to think through each operation before you do it. ("measure twice, cut once")
- Use your common sense.
- Do not do things that seem unsafe.
- If you are unsure of the proper method to do something, ask for help!



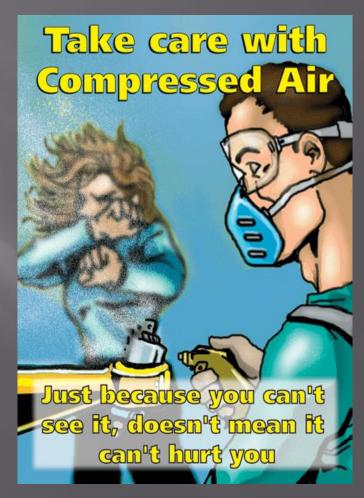
Eye Protection

- Your Eyes are our most important sense, and it is very difficult to get by without them.
- Always use approved eye protection whenever cutting, hammering, using a power tool, in the vicinity or watching someone else doing these things!
- Make it a Lifelong Habit to recognize hazards to your eyes and take precautions to protect your eyes, not just when someone is standing over you and making you do it.



Use of Shop Pressurized Air

- Pressurized air can be very dangerous.
- Use only if:
 - You have been trained on how to use safely
 - You have asked for permission to use
- Typical use is for running air tools and blowing dust off projects.
- Never direct air near face, exposed skin, or at other people.



Injuries, Cuts and Bloodborne Pathogens

- Pathogens are infectious microorganisms in human blood that can cause disease in humans and include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B (HBV), hepatitis C (HCV) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
 - Notify Instructor of all cuts and injuries (first aid support)
 - Apply direct continuous pressure if you are bleeding.
 - Keep wounds covered until healed
- If you come in contact with someone else's blood:
 - Wash skin immediately with soap and water
 - Flush other areas (like eyes or mouth) with water immediately



Online Code of Conduct

Code of online conduct has been prepared to protect the rights and safety of all.

- It's a Privilege!
- To be used for:
 - Information/news from libraries, universities, colleges and scientific research
 - discussion groups/electronic communities
- Not for:
 - Racism, sexism or hate
 - Pornographic
 - Illegal or immoral acts
 - Harassing, malicious, or fraudulent
- Consequences are real



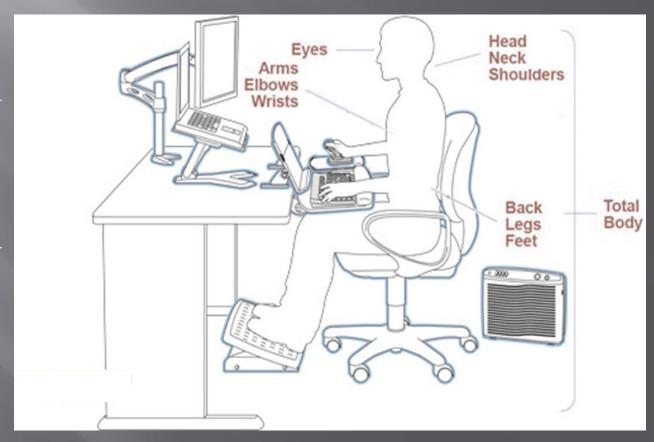
Other Computer Related Points

- Copyright and plagiarism issues
- Security violations (hacking)
- Personal social networks chatting
- Etiquette- disrespectful speech, flaming, harassment, and violations of privacy
- TDSB monitoring, tracking, & records
- Surfing, gaming, videos, looking for music are all distractions to your learning and not allowed
- Do not pull USB cables out, miss handle mouse and keyboard, and leave monitor straight
- Report broken or poor working peripherals immediately to instructor
- Save to USB, back-up to your H Drive



Computer Ergonomics

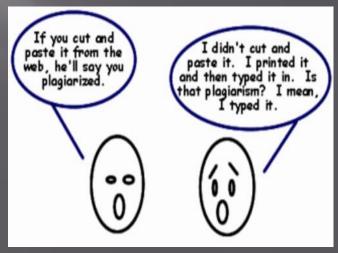
- Prevent eye, wrist, back, and shoulder strain
- Sit up,slouching willstrain lowerstrain!
- Monitor facing slightly down
- Wrist space and support



Plagiarism

- Plagiarism is defined as "taking and using another's thoughts or writings, etc. as one's own."
 - Whether the work is copied verbatim (word for word) or whether it is paraphrased, if the sources are not acknowledged, it is plagiarism.
- Some specific examples of plagiarism are:
 - Copying information, ideas or images from another student, the Internet, books or magazines (All or part).
 - Submitting work done by another person as one's own.
 - Copying of another person's work.
 - Copying of images and/or graphs.
- Consequences include: mark of 0, parents contacted, report and recorded





What is Bullying?

- Bullying is typically a form of repeated, persistent and aggressive behaviour that is directed at an individual or individuals intended to cause fear and dis-tress/harm to another person's body, feelings, selfesteem, and/or reputation.
- Different kinds of bullying:
 - hitting, kicking, pushing, shoving, or making someone do something they don't want to do
 - making someone feel unsafe or scared, leaving them out of games, or making them feel that they're not important
- can be verbal, physical, or social in private, public and/or electronic (cyberbullying).
- Consequences will be severe, starting with a report to the main office



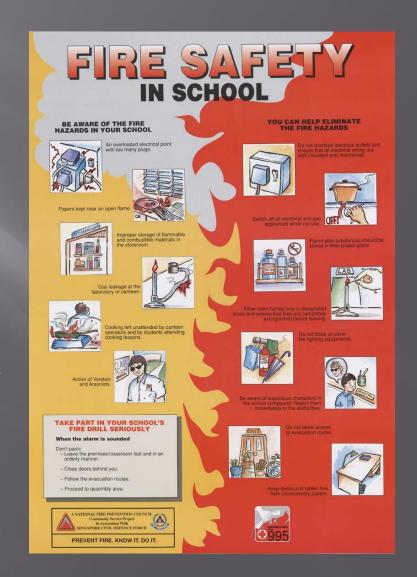
Emergency Procedures

Fire Safety:

- Fires must have three things to have combustion:
 - Fuel, Heat, and Oxygen
- Fire extinguisher locations in your room
- Fire blanket
- Emergency exit location

Emergency fire procedure :

- 1. Alarm will sound
- Immediately exit the building at suggested exit, calmly and quickly.
- 3. Wait patiently until signal to come back into building is made.



Emergency Procedures

- Hold and Secure is a response to a threat in the general vicinity of a school, but not on or near school property. This could be a police pursuit, a crime in progress or an active search by local police for a known dangerous offender.
- Lockdown is a response to an emergency situation where the evacuation of a school building is neither safe nor advisable and steps are required to isolate students and staff members from danger by having everyone remain inside the building.





Emergency Procedures

- Student responsibilities:
 - Follow the directions of school staff and emergency personnel;
 - Remain calm and quiet;
 - If out in the hall, proceed immediately to the nearest classroom;
 - Turn off all electronic devices including ringers on cell phones:
 - Pass on information to school staff.



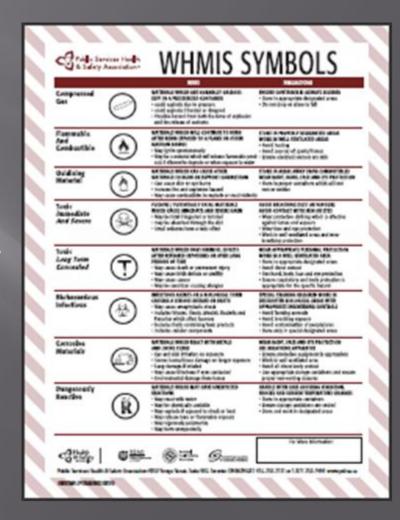
Health and Safety Support

- The Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1990, (OHSA) is the Ontario law that governs health and safety in the workplace.
- You have the right to:
 - Participate in workplace health and safety issues
 - Know about any potential hazards
 - Refuse work that you believe is dangerous



Health and Safety Support

- The Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) is a Canada-wide system designed to give employers and workers information about hazardous materials used in the workplace.
- 3 ways information on hazardous materials is provided:
 - Labels on the containers of hazardous materials;
 - Material Safety Data Sheets to supplement the label with detailed hazard and precautionary information; and
 - Worker education programs.



Resource Links

- Bullying: http://www.bullying.org/
- TDSB Code of Online Conduct:

 http://www.tdsb.on.ca/_site/ViewItem.asp?siteid=262&menuid=23189&pageid=20102
- TDSB Caring and Safe Schools:
 http://www.tdsb.on.ca/_site/ViewItem.asp?siteid=196&menuid=907&pageid=702
- TDSB Safety Tips:
 http://www.tdsb.on.ca/_site/ViewItem.asp?siteid=196&menuid=2814&pageid=2278
- Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety http://www.ccohs.ca/
- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ewh-semt/occup-travail/whmissimdut/index-eng.php
- YOUNG WORKER AWARENESS PROGRAM http://ywap.ca/english/index.htm